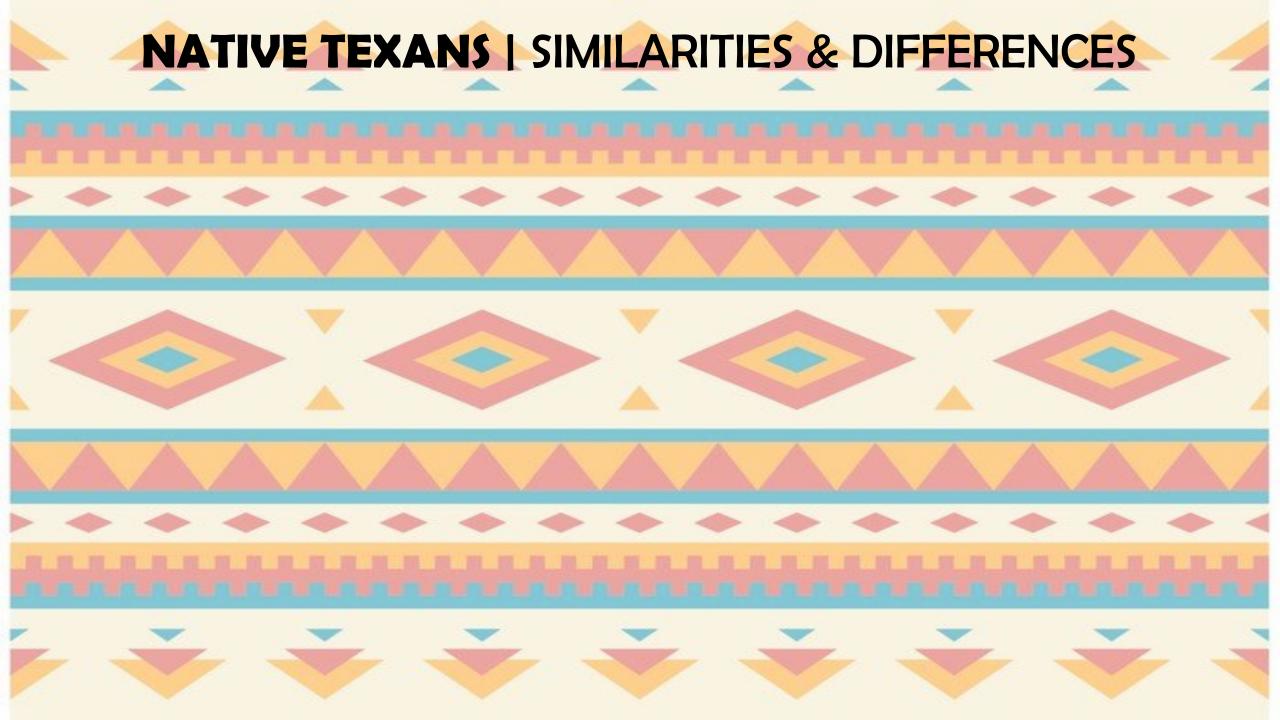




Essential Questions: How were Native Texans similar?
How were Native Texans unique?



CULTURAL PEOPLES	The Western Gulf Peoples		
REGION	Coastal Plains		
SIMILARITIES	Diseases from Spanish cor	ntact Lived in wickiups	
(COMMONALITIES)	Religious activitie	es led by shaman	
GROUP	Coahuiltecan	Karankawa	
WHAT MADE		Myth: Karankawas were	
THIS GROUP	Finding food was a full-time	cannibals—they practiced	
UNIQUE?	job and sometimes they	ceremonial cannibalism.	
	resorted to eating	Taller than most Texas	
177 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	rotten wood	Indians—average man	
		was six feet tall.	

CULTURAL PEOPLES	•	The Southeas	tern People	5
REGIONS SIMILARITIES	[C][A]:	Coastal Plains [\ Farmers and Hu	W]: North Centra unter-gatherers	l Plains
(COMMONALITIES)	Ви	uilt permanent ho	•	rn
GROUP	Caddo	Atakapa	Wichita	
WHAT MADE THIS GROUP UNIQUE?	Unusual custom of greeting strangers by weeping and wailing. Caddo word "Tay-yas" means friends and is the origin for	The name Atakapa means "eaters of men" in Choctaw language. They may have practiced ritual cannibalism on	Men had tattoos around their eyes— called themselves "raccoon eyes." Spent entire winter hunting buffalo.	Heath Ledger as "Joker"

their enemies.

Texas.

CULTURAL PEOPLES	•	The Southeas	tern People	s
REGIONS SIMILARITIES (COMMONALITIES)		Farmers and Hu ilt permanent ho	unter-gatherers	
GROUP	Caddo	Atakapa	Wichita	
WHAT MADE THIS GROUP UNIQUE?	Unusual custom of greeting strangers by weeping and wailing. Caddo word "Tay-yas" means friends and is the	The name Atakapa means "eaters of men" in Choctaw language. They may have practiced ritual cannibalism on	Men had tattoos around their eyes— called themselves "raccoon eyes." Spent entire winter hunting	Wichita warrior

their enemies.

origin for

Texas.

buffalo.

NATIVE TEXANS

Western Gulf Peoples

Tribes	<u>C</u> oahuiltecan <u>K</u> arankawa	
Shelter What did they live in?	Dome-shaped huts made with poles and reeds, grasses, and animal hides (Wickiups)	
Lifestyle How did they live?	Both: Hunter-gatherers [C]: Nomads lived in independent bands (no tribes) [K]: Fishermen along coast	
Food What did they eat?	Both: Wild plants, fruits [C]: Pigs, snakes, lizards, worms, snails, insects, nuts, beans [K]: Fish, oysters, deer, seeds	
Clothing What did they wear?	Wore little clothing— Men: animal skin breach cloths Women: animal skin or grass skirts	
Religion What did they believe?	Religious activities centered around a shaman.	
Geographic Region Where did they live?	Coastal Plains	
Commonalities What did these groups have in common?	 Diseases from Spanish contact Lived in wickiups Religious activities led by shaman 	

The Southeastern Peoples

Tribes	<u>C</u> addo <u>A</u> takapa <u>W</u> ichita		
Shelter What did they live in?	Dome-shaped brush huts made with wooden poles. Covered with bearskins in winter. (Wickiups)		
Lifestyle How did they live?	All: Hunter-gatherers & farmers. Lived in villages. [C]: Most advanced Indian culture in Texas.		
Food What did they eat?	Corn, beans, squash, fish, deer, buffalo [C]: Cornbread		
Clothing What did they wear?	Deerskin, buffalo hides		
Religion What did they believe?	Shamans were religious leaders and medicine men		
Geographic Region Where did they live?	[C][A]: Coastal Plains [W]: North Central Plains		
Commonalities What did these groups have in common?	 Farmers & Hunter-gatherers Built permanent homes Grew corn 		

	CULTURAL PEOPLES	The Plains Peoples				
F	REGION(S)	N	orth Central Pla	ins & Great Plain	s	
>	SIMILARITIES (COMMONALITIES)	Liv	ved in Tipis	Hunter-gathere	ers	٧
/		Buf	•	lothing, and she	lter	٩
	GROUP	Tonkawa	Lipan Apache	Comanche	Kiowa	
	WHAT MADE THIS GROUP UNIQUE?	The Tonkawa were a friendly people but enemies with Apache & Comanche. "Tonkawa" means "people of the wolf" (they never killed a wolf)	Among the first Indians to ride horses. "Apache" comes from the Zuni word apachu which means "enemy."	Fierce warriors of the plains. Cooperated with Lipan Apache at first, then pushed them eastward for buffalo hunting grounds.	Bitter enemies of Comanche for 50 years, later became allies. Sun Dance lasted 3-4 days w/o eating or sleeping.	

CULTURAL PEOPLES	The Puebloan Peoples			
REGION(S)	Mountains and Basins			
SIMILARITIES (COMMONALITIES)	Farmir	ng Corn, bear	ns & squash F	ottery
	Anci	ent beliefs blend	ed with Catholic	faith
GROUP	Jumano	Concho	Tigua	
	Great traders.	Worked in	Oldest Native	
WHAT MADE THIS GROUP	Men did most	Spanish mines	American	
UNIQUE?	of the farming.	in 1500s with	group still	
	Called "striped	Jumanos	living in Texas	
	people" by	(allies).	today.	
\Box	Spanish due to	Painted their	Ysleta was first	
	lines painted	faces and	permanent	
	on faces.	bodies,	town in Texas.	
7 7	Among first	decorated hair	Special rituals	
3	Texas Indians	with feathers.	for planting,	Johnny Depp as "Tonto"
	to have	Disappeared in	harvesting,	
	horses.	the late 1600s.	and rain.	

NATIVE TEXANS

Plains Peoples

Tribes	<u>T</u> onkawa <u>L</u> ipan Apache <u>C</u> omanche <u>K</u> iowa		
Shelter What did they live in?	Tipis covered with buffalo hides		
Lifestyle How did they live?	Hunter-gatherers, nomadic independent bands [C]: Expert horse riders		
Food What did they eat?	ALL: Buffalo Deer, corn, beans, plants [C][K]: Pemmican		
Clothing What did they wear?	Buffalo hides		
Religion What did they believe?	Various beliefs in gods & spirits [K]: Sun Dance ceremony		
Geographic Region Where did they live?	Great Plains North Central Plains		
Commonalities What did these groups have in common?	 Tipis Hunter-gatherers Independent bands Buffalo for food, clothing, and shelter 		

Puebloan Peoples

Tribes	Jumano <u>C</u> oncho		
	T igua		
Shelter What did they live in?	[J][T]: Pueblos made of adobe [C][T]: Huts covered with grass or animal skins + Kiva used for tribal meetings		
Lifestyle How did they live?	ALL: Farmers + made pottery [J][T]: Pueblo villages		
Food What did they eat?	ALL: Corn, beans, squash Also: Deer, small animals, wild plants		
Clothing What did they wear?	[J][T]: Animal hides, wove cotton clothes and blankets [C]: Little clothing in summer & rabbit fur ponchos in winter		
Religion What did they believe?	Spanish influence blended their ancient beliefs with Catholic faith.		
Geographic Region Where did they live?	Mountains and Basins		
Commonalities What did these groups have in common?	 Farming Corn, beans & squash Pottery Ancient beliefs blended with Catholic faith 		

THE LONE RANGER



1949-1957 | TV Series

2013 | Movie



